HEALTHY RELATIONSHIPS

Healthy social connections play an important role in our overall well-being and quality of life. Learning about healthy relationships can help us develop positive decision-making and relationship-building skills. Fostering healthy relationships with friends, family, schoolmates, teachers, and others can have a positive effect on our sense of self, emotional development, and future relationships.²

START WITH SELF-COMPASSION

Self-compassion is "the process of turning compassion inward. We are kind and understanding rather than harshly self-critical when we fail, make mistakes, or feel inadequate. We give ourselves support and encouragement rather than being cold and judgmental when challenges and difficulty arise in our lives."

Before we can fully build a healthy relationship with others, it's helpful to start by creating a positive relationship with ourselves. How can we practice self-compassion? Awareness, connection, and kindness are three elements to keep in mind when caring for yourself:

AWARENESS

Check in with yourself when you experience something difficult. Can you identify the source of the problem? Treat yourself like you would a close friend and ask yourself "How am I feeling?". See if you can name your emotions or physical feelings, such as "sad", "nervous", or "shaky"?

WHAT IS A _____ HEALTHY RELATIONSHIP?

Healthy relationships involve honesty, trust, and open communication between partners, among many other characteristics. Respect for oneself and others is a key element to healthy relationships. Self-compassion strategies can build greater self-clarity, which will ultimately contribute to creating healthier relationships with others. However, the unfortunate reality is that relationships are not always healthy. All relationships exist on a spectrum ranging from healthy to abusive. It's critical to know the warning signs and be able to identify healthy, unhealthy, and abusive behavior in relationships.

CONNECTION

You are not alone. Remember that there are many other people out there who have experienced similar feelings, but under different circumstances. Sharing how you feel is important. You can reach out to someone you trust, or listen to the stories of others who've felt the way you feel.

KINDNESS

How would you help a friend in a similar situation?
Ask yourself "what do I need to support me right now?" – Try doing something calming like going for a walk, taking deep breaths, or meditating. Give yourself encouragement, words of kindness, and reassurance as you would a good friend.



HEALTHY

A healthy relationship means both you and your partner are:

- Communicating
- Respectful
- Trusting
- Honest
- Equal
- Enjoying personal time away from each other
- Making mutual choices
- Economic/financial partners

UNHEALTHY

You may be in an unhealthy relationship if your partner is:

- Not communicating
- Disrespectful
- Not Trusting
- Dishonest
- Trying to take control
- Only spending time together
- Pressured into activities
- Unequal economically/financially

ABUSIVE

Abuse is occurring in a relationship when one partner is:

- Communicating in a hurtful or threatening way
- Mistreating
- Accusing the other of cheating when it's untrue
- Denying their actions are abusive
- Controlling
- Isolating their partner from others

COMMON CHARACTERISTICS OF A HEALTHY RELATIONSHIP INCLUDE:

- Mutual respect you treat your partner as an equal and value their time and interests.
- Good communication you "free your feels" openly, you're a good listener, and you can have healthy disagreements. In disagreements, both partners avoid disrespectful language, belittling, insults, and shaming.
- Healthy boundaries partners spend time away from each other and participate in their own personal, enjoyable activities.⁸

INDICATIONS OR WARNING SIGNS OF ABUSE FROM YOUR PARTNER INCLUDE:

- Checking your phone, email, or social media accounts without your permission.
- Putting you down frequently, especially in front of others.
- Explosive outbursts, temper, or mood swings.
- Isolating you from friends or family (physically, financially, or emotionally).
- Pressuring you or forcing you to have sex.
- Extreme jealousy or insecurity.

- Possessiveness or controlling behavior.
- Any form of physical harm.

source: loveisrespect.org

Remember that you are not to blame for any type of relationship abuse or violence. If you do not feel safe, or if you begin to identify any warning signs of an abusive relationship, take immediate action to ensure your safety. Reach out for help anonymously or to those you trust.

Teens can anonymously discuss their situation with a dating violence expert at the National Teen Dating Violence Hotline in several ways:

CALL:1-866-331-9474

TEXT: "LOVEIS" TO 22522

Find and contact your local, Georgia domestic violence shelter using GCADV FIND A SHELTER resources **here**

Contact the National Domestic Violence Hotline at: 800-799-SAFE (7233) or at <u>ndvh.org</u> SCAN BELOW FOR
ADDITIONAL RESOURCES &
DATA SOURCES





CHAT: ONLINE AT LOVEISRESPECT.ORG

